



Global Eagle™

First Quarter 2019 Results

May 14, 2019

Forward-Looking Statements

We may make forward-looking statements in this presentation within the meaning of the Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements include, without limitation, statements with respect to our expected Adjusted EBITDA, revenue and margin growth in future periods, our aviation-connectivity installations in future periods, the impact of the Boeing 737 MAX aircraft grounding on our financial performance, our business and financial-performance outlook and goals (including our assumptions therein relating to growth in fleet count, ARPA growth, opex savings, stable capex spend and lower satellite-bandwidth spend in future periods), industry, business strategy, plans, the potential sale of certain businesses and assets, business and M&A integration activities, capital expenditures, operating-expense and cost-structure improvements and reductions, future operations, margins, profitability, future efficiencies and other financial and operating information. These statements may be preceded by, followed by or include the words “may,” “might,” “will,” “will likely result,” “should,” “estimate,” “plan,” “project,” “forecast,” “intend,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “believe,” “seek,” “continue,” “target” or similar expressions. These forward-looking statements are based on information available to us as of the date they were made, and should not be relied upon as representing our views as of any subsequent date. These forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties, including without limitation those risks and uncertainties described in our most recent annual report on Form 10-K. As a result, our actual results or performance may be materially different from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. We do not undertake any obligation to update forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date they were made, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise, except as may be required under applicable securities laws.

Management Presentation



Josh Marks
Chief Executive Officer



Peter Lopez
VP Finance & Investor Relations



Paul Rainey
Chief Financial Officer



Per Norén (for Q&A)
President



Christian Mezger
Chief Financial Officer (eff. May 16)



Jeff Leddy (for Q&A)
Executive Chairman



Company Overview



Solutions that connect, entertain and inform passengers and remote workers, enriching time with fast Internet, live TV, games and applications



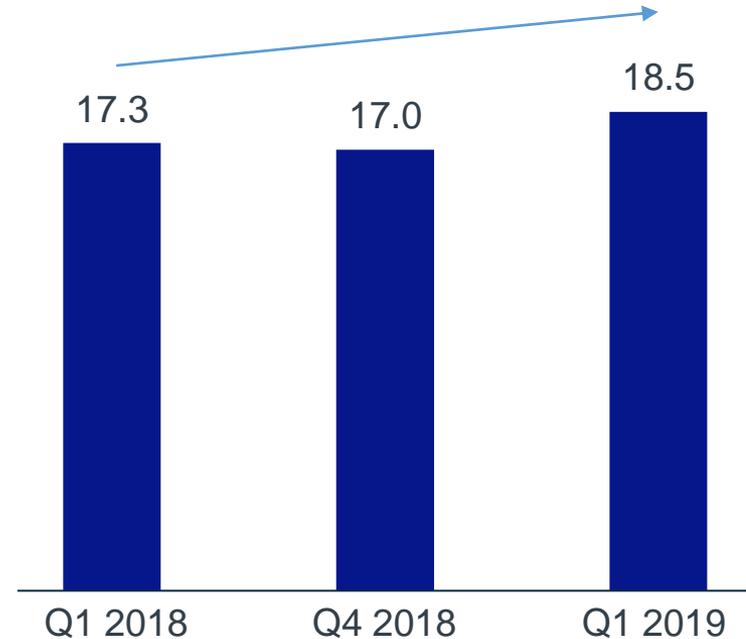
1Q 2019 Financial Results

USD millions

Revenue Trend



Adjusted EBITDA¹



Maritime & Land Aviation Solutions Media & Content

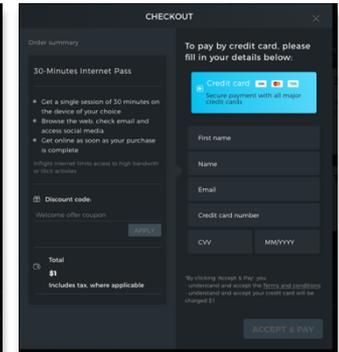
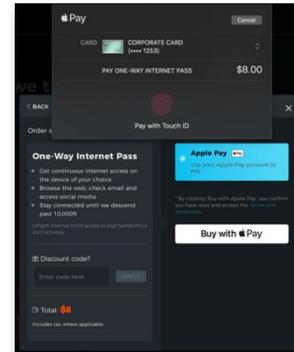
¹ See the "Non-GAAP Reconciliation" and "Adjusted EBITDA Definition" slides in the back of this presentation.

Aviation Connectivity Update

- 37 installations in 1Q19 (22 activations, 15 to be activated)
- Expect >100 additional installations during 2019
- No change to full-year MAX installation projection
- New coverage for Hawaii, Caribbean and Mexico
- Transitioned add'l capacity to high-speed HTS satellites
- New IFC program award (single-aisle for EMEA airline) that efficiently builds scale on EMEA high-speed network

Key Selling Points

- Strong performance & reliability from three-axis antenna
- Timely program execution driving pipeline strength
- Integrated passenger portal with entertainment, biometrics
- Efficient network utilization enhancing performance



Media & Content Update

- New and expanded contracts announced during 2018 are now generating significant revenue
- Major new content services account starts July 2019
- Digital content supply chain enabling new content sources and formats (e.g. 4K and HD content)

Market Growth Drivers

- Seatback screen installations continue to grow
- New growth from wIFE and connectivity w/on-board media (we serve 2,300+ aircraft with non-seatback IFE)
- Expect long-term revenue growth 5%+ (higher in 2019)

Key Selling Points

- Content curation and global content library
- Proven execution of multi-lingual, multi-region airlines
- Digital content supply chain (4K, UHD capabilities)



Maritime & Land Market Update

Cruise & Ferry

- New multi-year cruise contracts in place
- 285 vessels in service
- Launched television on major new customer with additional global channels now online
- Revenue share on major cruise line (renewed 4Q 2018) performing better than expected

Other Maritime, Enterprise & Government Segments

- Strong customer renewals in yachts
- MNO wind-down substantially complete by YE 2019
- Enterprise ex-MNO site count up +2% year over year
- Government subcontractor relationships ramping with expected growth in coming quarters



Transformation Initiatives

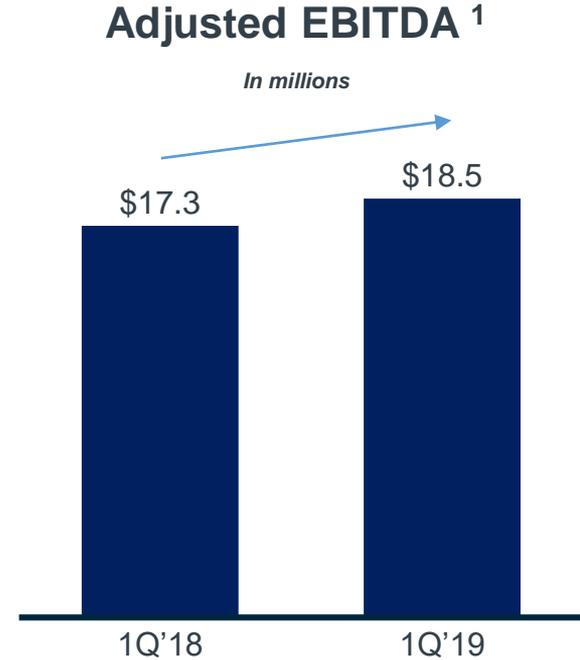
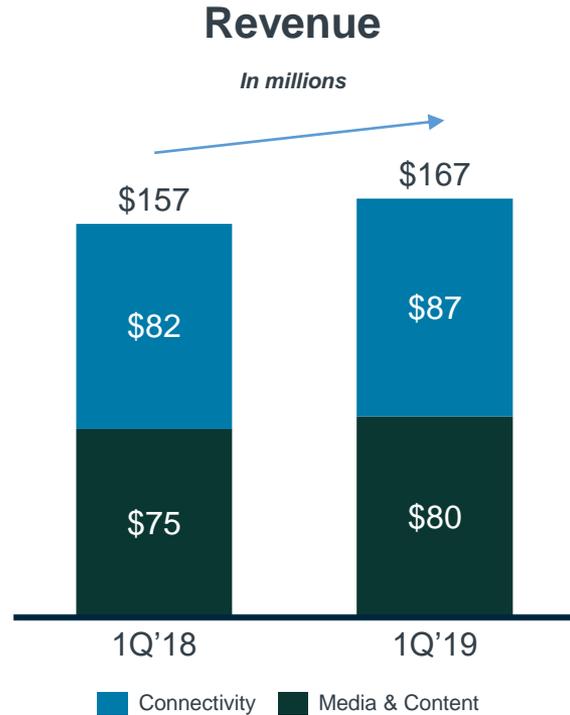
Revenue Growth	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Drive top-line through aircraft activations, new content customers, cruise TV services• Maintain supply chain momentum
Labor-Related Actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reduce salaries and benefits by 20% this year (run-rate saving of \$20 million)• Tracking targets, with 23 VP, SVP and EVP roles eliminated
Expense Controls	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Operating expense controls (Travel & Entertainment, etc.)• Facilities consolidation (18 facilities exited by YE 2019)• Reduce professional services spend (above- and below-line)• Reprice bandwidth to market or better as contracts expire

- Focus on recycling working capital: reinvest equipment revenue in supply chain
- Reduce capital expenditures
- Evaluating strategic divestment of non-aviation business units



Financial Overview

1Q 2019 Financial Results



¹ See the "Non-GAAP Reconciliation" and "Adjusted EBITDA Definition" slides in the back of this presentation.

Financial Priorities

Revenue Growth

- Content wins ramping now
- New IFC award announced today
- Maintain/increase current installation pace
- Cruise contract renewals ahead of estimates

Gross Margin Expansion

- 6% improvement 4Q18 to 1Q19
- New aircraft installations leverage existing network infrastructure – drive ROI
- Achieving savings from renewing expiring bandwidth at market rates
- Cost actions taken in 1Q19
- Continue to expect 25% connectivity gross margin over long term

Liquidity & Free Cash Flow

- \$51 million liquidity at end of 1Q
- Path to positive free cash flow
 - Revenue growth
 - Gross margin expansion
 - Reduced below the line expenses
 - Cash capex spend \$9.1 million
 - Half is non-recurring

Christian Mezger

Appointed CFO effective May 16, 2019



Location	Los Angeles, CA (Corporate HQ)
Education	Universität Wien, BS Business Mgmt., 1996

2011-2019 Ciber, Inc.

2017-2019	President & Chief Executive Officer (through acquisition by HTC)
2014-2017	EVP & Chief Financial Officer
2011-2014	SVP, Corporate Finance

1996-2011 Hewlett Packard

2010-2011	VP, Technology Services Finance
2009-2010	VP, Worldwide FP&A
2007-2009	Senior Director, Corporate Planning & Finance
2004-2007	Director, Office of Strategy & Tech. Finance
2000-2004	Finance Manager, Strategic Finance & Special Projects
1998-2000	Manager, Business Controlling/Support Products, Compaq
1996-1998	Financial Analyst, Compaq



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Q&A Session

Non-GAAP Reconciliation (1Q19 vs. 1Q18)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
Net loss to Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation	2019	2018
Net loss	(37,609)	(38,284)
Interest expense, net	21,277	15,597
Income tax expense (benefit)	130	(4,709)
Depreciation and amortization and loss on disposal and impairment of fixed assets	22,116	25,253
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(938)	(564)
Other expense	2,311	(438)
Stock-based compensation expense	1,289	3,644
EBITDA	8,576	499
Strategic-transaction, integration and realignment expenses	4,700	3,079
Internal-control and delayed audit expenses	3,453	13,706
Excess content expenses	-	-
Non-ordinary-course legal expenses	596	-
Losses on significant customer bankruptcies	1,164	-
Adjusted EBITDA	18,489	17,284

Non-GAAP Reconciliation (1Q19 vs. 4Q18)

Net loss to Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation	Three Months Ended	
	March'19	December'18
Net loss	(37,609)	(109,177)
Interest expense, net	21,277	20,818
Income tax expense (benefit)	130	1,203
Depreciation and amortization and loss on disposal and impairment of fixed assets	22,116	25,954
Change in fair value of financial instruments	(938)	(384)
Other expense	2,311	53,544
Stock-based compensation expense	1,289	3,025
EBITDA	8,576	(5,017)
Strategic-transaction, integration and realignment expenses	4,700	14,399
Internal-control and delayed audit expenses	3,453	2,649
Excess content expenses	-	-
Non-ordinary-course legal expenses	596	2,515
Losses on significant customer bankruptcies	1,164	2,484
Adjusted EBITDA	18,489	17,030

Adjusted EBITDA Definition

To supplement our consolidated financial statements, which are prepared and presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, or GAAP, we present Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as a measure of our performance. The presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is not intended to be considered in isolation from, or as a substitute for, or superior to, net income (loss) or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP or as an alternative to net cash provided by operating activities or any other measures of our cash flows or liquidity. For a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to its most comparable measure under GAAP, please see the table entitled “Non-GAAP Reconciliation” on the prior slides. Further, we note that Adjusted EBITDA as presented herein is defined and calculated differently than the “Consolidated EBITDA” definition in our senior secured credit agreement and in our second lien notes, which Consolidated EBITDA definition we use for financial-covenant-compliance purposes and as a measure of our liquidity.

Adjusted EBITDA is one of the primary measures used by our management and Board of Directors to understand and evaluate our financial performance and operating trends, including period to period comparisons, to prepare and approve our annual budget and to develop short and long term operational plans. Additionally, Adjusted EBITDA is one of the primary measures used by the Compensation Committee of our Board of Directors to establish the funding targets for (and subsequent funding of) our Annual Incentive Plan bonuses for our employees. We believe our presentation of Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors both because it allows for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by our management in their financial and operational decision-making and because our management frequently uses it in discussions with investors, commercial bankers, securities analysts and other users of our financial statements.

We define Adjusted EBITDA as net income (loss) before (a) interest expense (income), (b) income tax expense (benefit) and (c) depreciation and amortization (including relating to equity-method investments) and (gain) loss on disposal and impairment of fixed assets, and we then further adjust that result to exclude (when applicable in the period) (1) change in fair value of financial instruments, (2) other (income) expense, including (gains) losses from foreign-currency-transaction (gains) and from other investments, which include impairment charges relating to our joint ventures, (3) goodwill impairment expense, (4) stock-based compensation expense, (5) strategic-transaction, integration and realignment expenses (as described below), (6) auditor and third-party professional fees and expenses related to our internal-control deficiencies (and the remediation thereof) and complications in our audit process relating to our control environment, (7) excess content expenses (as described below), (8) non-ordinary-course legal expenses (as described below) and (9) losses related to significant customer bankruptcies or financial distress (as described below). Management does not consider these items to be indicative of our core operating results.

Adjusted EBITDA Definition (continued)

“Excess content expenses” includes the additional purchasing costs that we incurred in 2017 to procure movie content for our customers, notwithstanding that we could have procured equivalent content under our (preferential-pricing) output arrangements with major studios. We incurred these additional costs because we could not timely identify and measure our movie-content expenditures and procurement during the period due to weaknesses in our control environment.

“Losses related to significant customer bankruptcies or financial distress” includes (1) our provision for bad debt associated with the bankruptcies of Air Berlin and Alitalia (two of our Media & Content customers) in 2017 and Ocean Air (our Media & Content and Connectivity customer) in 2018, (2) the costs (e.g., content acquisition fees) that we incurred to maintain service to those customers during their bankruptcy proceedings in order to preserve the customer relationship and (3) costs relating to providing services to customers for whom we recognize revenue on a cash basis due to their financial distress.

“Non-ordinary-course legal expenses” includes third-party professional fees and expenses and estimated loss contingencies, provisions for legal settlements and other expenses associated with the securities class-action lawsuits filed against us in 2017, non-ordinary-course employment, corporate and intellectual-property-infringement disputes, and the initial setup of our General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and Communications Assistance for Law Enforcement Act (CALEA) compliance programs.

“Strategic-transaction, integration and realignment expenses” includes (1) transaction and procurement-related expenses and costs (including third-party professional fees) attributable to acquisition, financing, investment and other strategic-transaction activities (including for new product and proof-of-concept testing), (2) integration and realignment expenses and allowances, (3) employee-severance, -retention and -relocation expenses, (4) purchase-accounting adjustments for deferred revenue, costs and credits associated with companies and businesses that we have acquired through our M&A activities, (5) service-level-agreement penalties incurred during our Eagle-1 migration and setup in its new orbital slot in 2017 and (6) estimated loss contingencies, provisions for legal settlements and other expenses related to claims at companies or businesses that we acquired through our M&A activities for underlying liabilities that pre-dated our acquisition of those companies or businesses.